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# DOE100 - Docker: Implementation

## Présentation

**Objectives** : Master the implementation of Operating-system-level virtualization with Docker.

**Who can benefit** : Linux Technicians and Administrators.

**Prerequisites** : One of the following certifications or the equivalent skills: CompTIA Linux+ Powered by LPI or LPIC-1 or SUSE CLA or ITT Debian Linux - Technician or ITT CentOS Linux - Technician.

**Learning technique** : Clear, theoretical course content divided into lessons and extensive LABS.

**Student Progression** : Student progression is monitored both in terms of effective attendance and in terms of comprehension using self-assessment tests.

**Duration** : 2 days (14 hours).

## Prerequisites

### Hardware

- A computer running MacOS, Linux, Windows™ or Solaris™,
- AZERTY FR or QWERTY US keyboard,
- Minimum 4 GB of RAM,
- Minimum dual-core processor,
- Headphones/Earphones,
- A microphone (optional).

### Software

- If Windows™ - Putty and WinSCP,
- Chrome or Firefox web browser.

### Internet

- A fast Internet connection (4G minimum) and **no** proxy,
- Unhindered access to the following domains : <https://my-short.link>, <https://ittraining.center>, <https://ittraining.io>, <https://ittraining.institute>, <https://ittraining.support>.

## Curriculum

## Day #1

- **DOE100 - Docker : Implementation** - 1 hour.
  - Prerequisites
    - Hardware
    - Software
    - Internet
  - Using the Infrastructure
    - Connecting to the Cloud Server
      - Linux, MacOS and Windows 10 with a built-in ssh client
      - Windows 7 and Windows 10 without a built-in ssh client
    - Starting the Virtual Machine
    - Connecting to the Virtual Machine
  - Course Curriculum
- **DOE101 - Operating-system-level virtualization** - 3 hours.
  - What is Operating-system-level virtualization?
    - A brief history
  - What are Namespaces?
  - What are CGroups?
    - LAB #1 - Working with CGroups
      - 1.1 - Capping memory usage
      - 1.2 - The cgroup-tools package
        - The cgcreate command
        - The cgexec command
        - The cgdelete command
        - The /etc/cgconfig.conf file
  - What are Linux Containers?
    - LAB #2 - Working with LXC
      - 2.1 - Installation
      - 2.2 - Creating a simple container
      - 2.3 - Starting a simple container
      - 2.4 - Attaching a terminal to a running container
      - 2.5 - Basic LXC commands
        - The lxc-console command
        - The lxc-stop command
        - The lxc-execute command
        - The lxc-info command
        - The lxc-freeze command
        - The lxc-unfreeze command
        - Other commands
      - 2.6 - Creating an unprivileged container
        - User Namespaces
        - Creating a dedicated user
        - Setting up the mapping
        - Creating the container
        - Checking out the mapping
      - 2.7 - Creating an unpersistant container
        - The lxc-copy command
      - 2.8 - Backing up containers
        - The lxc-snapshot command

- **DOE102 - Getting Started with Docker** - 3 hours.

- What is Docker?
- LAB #1 - Working with Docker
  - 1.1 - Installing Docker
  - 1.2 - Starting a container
  - 1.3 - Viewing a list of containers and images
  - 1.4 - Searching for an image in a repository
  - 1.5 - Deleting a container
  - 1.6 - Creating an image from a modified container
  - 1.7 - Deleting an image
  - 1.8 - Creating a container with a specific name
  - 1.9 - Executing a command within a container
  - 1.10 - Injecting Environment Variables into a container
  - 1.11 - Modifying the hostname of a container
  - 1.12 - Port mapping
  - 1.13 - Starting a container in the background
  - 1.14 - Accessing services from outside the container
  - 1.15 - Starting and stopping a container
  - 1.16 - Using Signals with a Container
  - 1.17 - Deleting a running container
  - 1.18 - Using volumes
  - 1.19 - Downloading an image without creating a container
  - 1.20 - Attaching to a running container
  - 1.21 - Installing a package in a container
  - 1.22 - Using the docker commit command
  - 1.23 - Connecting to a running server within the container

## Day #2

- **DOE103 - Managing Docker Images** - 3 hours.

- LAB #1 - Recreating an official Docker image
  - 1.1 - Dockerfiles
  - 1.2 - FROM
  - 1.3 - RUN
  - 1.4 - ENV
  - 1.5 - VOLUME
  - 1.6 - COPY
  - 1.7 - ENTRYPOINT
  - 1.8 - EXPOSE
  - 1.9 - CMD
  - 1.10 - Other commands
- LAB #2 - Creating a simple Dockerfile
  - 2.1 - Create and test the script
  - 2.2 - Cache management

- **DOE104 - Managing volumes, the network and resources** - 3 hours.

- LAB #1 - Managing volumes
  - 1.1 - Automatically
  - 1.2 - Manually
- LAB #2 - Managing the network

- 2.1 - Docker networks
  - Bridge
  - Host
  - None
  - Links
- 2.2 - Wordpress in a container
- 2.3 - Managing microservices
- LAB #3 - Monitoring
  - 3.1 - Logs
  - 3.2 - Processus
  - 3.3 - Activity
- LAB #4 - Managing resources
  - 4.1 - Memory
- **DOE105 - Course completion** - 1 hour.
  - What's next?
    - Training materials
    - What you need
      - Hardware
      - Software
      - Virtual Machine
  - What we covered
    - Day #1
    - Day #2
  - Resetting the course infrastructure
  - Evaluate the training session
  - Thanks

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